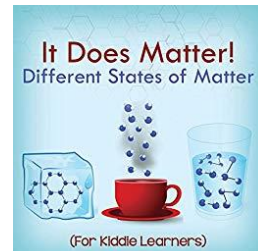
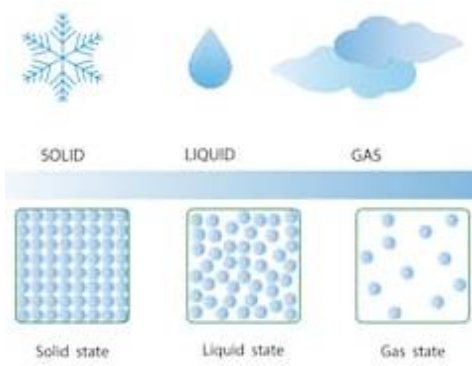
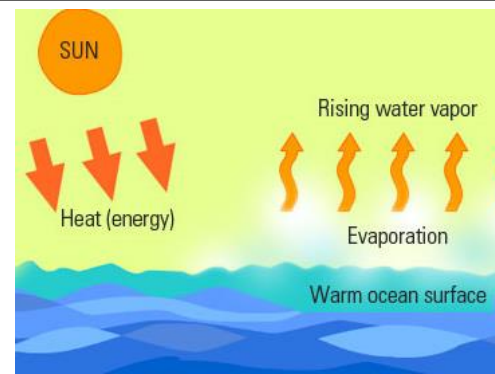


Science -Year 4 – spring 1 – States of matter

Vocabulary	Meaning
condensation	The conversion of a gas to a liquid, forming as droplets on a cold surface.
evaporation	The process of turning from a liquid into a vapour (gas) when heated.
gas	A substance or matter that is in a state of free movement and no fixed shape.
liquid	A substance that moves freely but has a consistency of water or oil.
melt	To become liquefied when something is heated.
particles	Very small (microscopic) pieces that make up a solid, liquid or a gas.
solid	A substance that is firm and stable in shape.
solidify	To become hard or solid.
state	A form that matter can exist in. (Solid, liquid or gas)
steam	The vapour (gas) that water turns into when heated.
temperature	A measurement of how hot or cold something is.
thermometer	An instrument for measuring temperature.

Skills
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To be able to draw diagrams to represent states of matter. To compare the properties of materials in different states of matter. To use a thermometer to measure temperature accurately. To explain how to keep it a fair test when researching.

Books


Knowledge	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Materials and substances come in different states of matter; solids, liquids and gases. Each state of matter gives the material/ substance different properties. Materials can change states of matter when heated and cooled, however some materials cannot change state. 	
	

What I should be able to do and know now.	Growth Mindset Strategies	What I will know and be able to do at the end of the topic.
<p>Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To know that we get solids, liquids and gases. • To know that solids are hard. • To know that liquids are runny. • To know that we cannot see gases in the air. • To know that when water heats up it disappears/ dries up. • To know that when ice/ snow gets hot it turns to water. <p>Skills:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Draw a solid object and a liquid in a container. • Draw a table to collect results for an experiment. • Explain in small steps how a process happens. 	<p><i>If I find something challenging I can:</i></p> <p>Look back at the information I have been given.</p> <p>Ask a friend if they can help me.</p> <p>Use a diagram or text book.</p> <p>Look at the example the teacher gave me.</p> <p>Use an I-pad to research.</p> <p>What I will be learning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To compare and group materials together according to whether they are solids or liquids. • To identify and explore the properties of gases. • To observe that materials change state when they are heated or cooled. • To research the temperature in degrees Celsius (°C) at which materials change state. • To understand the process of evaporation. • To understand the process of condensation. • To identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature. 	<p>Knowledge:</p> <p>Can you name the 3 states of matter? Give 2 examples of each one.</p> <p>Can you explain the process of evaporation?</p> <p>When a liquid _____ it turns into a _____.</p> <p>Can you explain the process of condensation?</p> <p>When a gas _____ it turns into a _____ on a _____ surface.</p> <p>Can you explain a test to find out the temperature that water turns into a gas? How would you make it fair?</p> <p>Can you explain the water cycle? Draw a diagram to show it.</p> <p>Can you link this to your knowledge of countries around the world?</p> <p>Skills:</p> <p>Draw a diagram showing the formation of the particles in a solid, liquid and a gas.</p> <p>Create a table using a ruler for collecting data from my research.</p> <p>Explain how to make it a fair test when carrying out an experiment and carry this out in practice.</p>