



# RE – Y5 – autumn – Sikh rite of passage

Vocabulary	Meaning
Kachera	Kachera or Kachera are specially designed, shalwar-undergarments with a tie-knot worn by baptized Sikhs.
Kangha	A kangha or kanga is a small wooden comb that Sikhs usually use twice a day.
Kara	A kara is a steel or cast iron bangle worn by a Sikh after they have initiated into the Khalsa.
Kesh	In Sikhism, kesh (sometimes kes) is the practice of allowing one's hair to grow naturally out of respect for the perfection of God's creation.
Kirpan	The kirpan is a sword or a dagger of any size and shape, carried by Sikhs.

## Key People and facts



Guru Nanak



5 k s of Sikhism

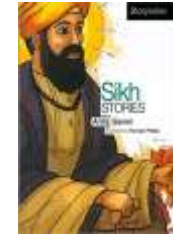
## Skills

Children can ask and answer questions about the basic beliefs and practices of Sikhism

Children can identify similarities and differences between Sikh naming ceremonies and those of other religions

Children know what the 5 Ks are and what they symbolise

## Books



Sikh stories by Anita Ganeri

## Knowledge

Children know who Guru Nanak was and how Sikhism began

Children can describe some of the fundamental beliefs of Sikhism

Children can describe *what a 'Naam Karan' ceremony is*

Children can explain how Sikh babies are given their names

Children can explain what the Amrit ceremony is and why it is important to Sikhs

Children can explain how the Amrit ceremony began

Children know some of the features of a Sikh wedding

Children can identify similarities and differences between Sikh weddings and weddings of other cultures

Children know some of the features of a Sikh funeral ceremony

Children can explain some of the Sikh beliefs on life after death

## What I should be able to do and know now.

### Knowledge

I know that celebrations and commemorations happen in places around the world (for example, Chinese New Year in countries of the Asia region, Bastille Day in France, Independence Day in the USA), including those that are observed in Australia (for example, Christmas Day, Diwali, Easter, Hanukkah, the Moon Festival and Ramadan)

I know that I can look in non-fiction books for information on different religions.

I know what a symbol is.

### Skills

I can compare different religions by looking at their similarities and differences.

I can ask questions about religion.

Name characters from a story.

## Growth Mindset Strategies

Understand the difference between a FIXED mindset and a GROWTH mindset.

Be Curious; Be courageous.

*Challenge yourself. Ask, 'What could I do differently next time?'*

Give everything your best effort and persevere.

**Practice; Practice; Practice.**

## What I will be learning

1. To find out who Sikhs are and what they believe.
2. To find out about the naming ceremonies of Sikh children.
3. To find out about the Sikh baptismal ceremony of Amrit.
4. To find out about Sikh marriage ceremonies.
5. To find out about Sikh funerals and beliefs on life after death.

## What I will know and be able to do at the end of the topic.

### Knowledge

Children know who Guru Nanak was and how Sikhism *began because* ...

Children know who Guru Nanak was and how Sikhism *began but* ...

Children know who Guru Nanak was and how Sikhism *began so* ...

Children can describe some of the fundamental beliefs of *Sikhism because* ...

Children can describe some of the fundamental beliefs of *Sikhism but* ...

Children can describe some of the fundamental beliefs of *Sikhism so* ...

### Skills

Children can ask and answer questions about the basic beliefs and practices of Sikhism.

Children can identify similarities and differences between Sikh naming ceremonies and those of other religions.

Children know what the 5 Ks are and what they symbolise.